Chartered Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of MTR Foods Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of MTR Foods Private Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company"), its subsidiary (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group") and its associate, comprising of the Consolidated Balance sheet as at March 31, 2019, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and notes to the Consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of report of other auditor on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the associate, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group, and its associate as at March 31, 2019, their consolidated profit and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



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Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its associate in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2006 (as amended) specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and of its associate and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associate to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associate.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



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- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associate to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associate to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group of which we are the independent auditors, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements include the Holding Company's share of net loss of Rs. 10,902,570 for the year ended March 31, 2019, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of one associate, whose financial statements and other financial information have been audited by other auditor and whose report have been furnished to us by the Management. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this associate, and our report in terms of subsections (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid associate, is based solely on the report of such other auditor.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matter with respect to our reliance on the work done and the report of the other auditor.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditor on separate financial statements and the other financial information of associate, as noted in the 'Other Matter' paragraph we report, to the extent applicable, that:

(a) We/the other auditor whose report we have relied upon have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;

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- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidation of the financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and report of the other auditor;
- (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended) specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company and subsidiary company incorporated in India as on March 31, 2019 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, and its subsidiary company and the report of the statutory auditor who are appointed under Section 139 of the Act, of its associate company incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group's companies, and its associate incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2019 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy and the operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary company, and its associate company incorporated in India, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 1" to this report. The report does not include report on the internal financial controls under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Act (the 'Report on Internal Financial Controls') for the subsidiary company and the associate company, which are companies incorporated in India, since in our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us in respect of the subsidiary company and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditor on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the associate company, the said Report on Internal Financial Controls is not applicable to such subsidiary company and associate company basis the exemption available to companies under MCA Notification no. G.S.R. 583(E) dated June 13, 2017 read with corrigendum dated July 13, 2017 on reporting on internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- (g) In our opinion and based on the consideration of report of the statutory auditor of the associate company incorporated in India, the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are not applicable to the Holding Company, and its subsidiary, and its associate company incorporated in India for the year ended March 31, 2019;
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditor on separate financial statements as also the other financial information of the associate, as noted in the 'Other Matter' paragraph:
 - The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on its consolidated financial position of the Group and its associate. Refer Note 32(a) to the consolidated financial statements;
 - ii. The Group and its associate did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts in which there were any material foreseeable losses;



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There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, its subsidiary and its associate incorporated in India during the year ended March 31, 2019.

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004

per Aditya Vikram Bhauwala

Partner

Membership Number: 208382 UDIN: 19208382AAAAAZ5681

Place: Bengaluru Date: August 20, 2019



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Annexure to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Consolidated Financial Statements of MTR Foods Private Limited for the year ended March 31, 2019

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of MTR Foods Private Limited as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of MTR Foods Private Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") incorporated in India, as of that date. This report does not include Report on internal financial controls under clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act (the 'Report on Internal Financial Controls') for the subsidiary company and the associate company, which are companies incorporated in India, since in our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us in respect of the subsidiary company and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditor on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the associate company, the said Report on Internal Financial Controls is not applicable to such subsidiary company and associate company basis the exemption available to companies under MCA Notification no. G.S.R. 583(E) dated June 13, 2017 read with corrigendum dated July 13, 2017 on reporting on internal financial controls over financial reporting.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Holding Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements.



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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting With Reference to these Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting With Reference to these Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Holding Company has, maintained in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2019, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Bengaluru

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

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ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004

per Aditya Vikram Bhauwala

Partner

Membership Number: 208382 UDIN: 19208382AAAAAZ5681

Place: Bengaluru Date: August 20, 2019

MTR FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2019

	Notes	As at March 31, 2019 Rs.	As at March 31, 2018 Rs.
Equity and liabilities			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	3 72	98,092,690	111,830,000
Reserves and surplus	4	2,027,524,190	2,224,137,733
·		2,125,616,880	2,335,967,733
Deferred government grants	5	2,018,494	3,033,151
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	6	-	9,198,986
Deferred tax liability (net)	12	32,901,753	3,400,880
Other non-current liabilities	7b	81,702	1,575,135
		32,983,455	14,175,001
Current liabilities	-		
Short-term borrowings	8	263,626,131	110,000,000
Trade payables	7a		
Total outstanding dues of micro & small enterprises		50,919,555	41,877,638
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro & small enterprises		732,142,351	669,734,893
Other current liabilities	7b	396,383,822	292,833,960
Short-term provisions	9	187,450,691	189,817,309
	-	1,630,522,550	1,304,263,800
TOTAL		3,791,141,379	3,657,439,685
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	10.1	2,182,405,528	2,115,166,448
Intangible assets	10.2	289,388,234	271,837,483
Capital work-in-progress		20,966,769	128,962,161
Non-current investments	11	42,227,008	31,128,658
Deferred tax assets (net)	12	15,546,160	, the same of the
Loans and advances	13	79,789,451	76,663,310
Other non-current assets	14	1,136,657	1,053,465
		2,631,459,807	2,624,811,525
Current assets			
Current Investments	15	201,622,630	54,322,767
Inventories	16	559,770,698	644,670,955
Trade receivables	17	219,422,173	182,636,180
Cash and bank balances	18	7,387,618	15,993,488
Loans and advances	13	163,626,686	130,207,236
Other current assets	14	7,851,767	4,797,534
	_	1,159,681,572	1,032,628,160
TOTAL		3,791,141,379	3,657,439,685
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

ICAI Firm Registration No. 101049W/E300004

Chartered Accountants

per Aditya Vikram Bhauwala

Partner

Membership no.: 208382

Place: Bengaluru

Date: August 20, 2019

For and on behalf of the board of directors of MTR Foods Private Limited

Atle Vidar Johnsen Chairman

DIN: 01361367

B.C Shenoy Chief Financial Officer

Place: Bengaluru Date: August 20, 2019 Sanjay Sharma

Director & Chief Executive Officer

DIN: 02581107

K. Aneesh

Company Secretary (Membership no: 32470)



Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2019

	Notes	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2018 Rs.
Income			
Revenue from operations (gross)	19	7,836,388,147	7,172,718,697
Less: Excise duty	12	7,030,300,147	11,444,243
Revenue from operations (net)	-	7,836,388,147	7,161,274,454
Other income	20	49,066,100	25,848,581
Total revenue	~~ =	7,885,454,247	7,187,123,035
Expenses			
Cost of raw materials and packing materials consumed	21	3,582,776,884	3,414,490,341
Purchase of traded goods		516,142,789	349,809,465
Increase)/ decrease in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and traded	22	3,048,124	12,155,185
goods	22	3,046,124	12,155,185
Employee benefits expense	23	978,506,252	867,345,145
Other expenses	24	1,669,701,311	1,541,315,087
Depreciation and amortization expense	25	231,619,665	197,137,832
inance costs	26	12,665,993	21,568,524
Cotal expenses	20 _	6,994,461,018	6,403,821,579
Profit before exceptional items, share of loss of asociate and tax	_	890,993,229	783,301,456
exceptional items	40	(22,500,000)	23,047,819
Profit before tax and share of loss of associate	-	913,493,229	760,253,637
	-		
thare of loss from associate (refer note 11)		10,902,570	3,910,942
Profit before tax	_	902,590,659	756,342,695
Tax expenses			
Current tax		290,478,523	221,663,709
MAT Credit entitlement		(2,544,261)	(330,871)
ax of earlier years		(8,154,911)	
Deferred tax charge (refer note 12)		13,954,713	51,195,731
otal tax expense	=	293,734,064	272,528,569
Profit for the year	=	608,856,595	483,814,126
	-	0001030133	405,014,120
Earnings per equity share [nominal value of share Rs. 10 (March 31, 2018: Rs. 10] Basic and Diluted		54,50	43,26
Weighted average number of equity shares used in computing Basic and Diluted earnings per share		11,171,709	11,183,000
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.1		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements			

As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

ICAI Firm Registration No. 101049W/E300004

Bengaluru

Chartered Accountants

per Aditya Vikram Bhauwala

Partner

Membership no : 208382

For and on behalf of the board of directors of

MTR Foods Private Limited

Atle Vidar Johnsen Chairman

DIN: 01361367

Chief Financial Officer

Sanjay Sharma

Director & Chief Executive Officer

DIN: 02581107

K.Aneesh

Company Secretary

(Membership no: 32470) OODS

Place: Bengaluru Date: August 20, 2019

Place: Bengaluru Date: August 20, 2019

	Notes	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2018 Rs.
Cash flows from operating activities		A.S.	N3.
Profit before tax		902,590,659	756,342,695
Adjustments for			, , ,
Share of loss from associate		10,902,570	3,910,942
Exceptional items		(22,500,000)	23,047,819
Depreciation/ amortization		231,619,665	197,137,832
Profit on sale of investments in units of mutual fund - current		(28,799,863)	(3,856,999
Capital subsidy recognised		(1,014,657)	(1,359,171
Interest expense		9,238,349	17,160,593
Liabilities written back		(2,602,412)	(228,571
Provision for doubtful debts and advances		8,303,305	(===,==
Dividend Income		(3,750)	(4,500
Interest Income		(873,088)	(787,297)
Assets written off		4,672,374	(101,251)
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment		3,275,805	2,360,031
Unrealised foreign exchange loss/(gain)		1,437,378	(2,850,488)
Operating profit before working capital changes	_	1,116,246,335	990,872,886
		1,110,20	770,672,880
Movement in working capital:			
(Increase) in trade receivables		(44,121,810)	(3,706,743)
(Increase) / decrease in inventories		84,900,257	(60,014,894)
(Increase) in loans & advances & Other assets		(53,688,717)	(62,247,638)
Increase in liabilities & provisions		65,890,051	114,640,164
Cash generated from operations		1,169,226,116	979,543,775
Taxes paid (net)	_	(302,380,579)	(261,051,840)
Net cash from operating activities		866,845,537	718,491,935
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment, including capital work-in-		(215 702 277)	4500 000 000
progress and capital advances		(215,793,377)	(532,879,212)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		1,351,167	1,721,011
Investment in equity shares of associate Investment in equity shares others		820	(35,002,100)
		(22,000,920)	3
Maturity of Bank deposits (having original maturity of more than 3 mon	ths)		80,000,000
Claim Proceeds from insurance company (exceptional items)		22,500,000	
Purchase of units in Mutual Funds		(2,308,500,000)	(1,040,000,000)
Redemption of units in Mutual Funds		2,190,000,000	989,997,407
Interest received		1,388,660	3,580,891
Dividend Income	-	3,750	4,500
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(331,050,720)	(532,577,503)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Payment towards buy back of shares		(679,996,845)	-
Proceeds from short term borrowings		353,626,131	345,500,000
Repayment of short term borrowings		(200,000,000)	(515,252,000)
Interest paid		(6,301,333)	(14,002,798)
Finance lease obligations paid		(11,728,640)	(11,170,133)
Net cash (used) in financing activities	\ 	(544,400,687)	(194,924,931)
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		(8,605,870)	(9,010,499)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		15,993,488	25,003,987
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		7,387,618	15,993,488
Components of cash and cash equivalents			
Cash on hand		268,222	215,868
Balances with banks in current account		7,119,396	15,777,620
Total		7,387,618	15,993,488
Summary of significant accounting policies	2.1		

As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP ICAI firm registration number: 101049W

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Bengaluru

Chartered Accountants dhm-118m

per Aditya Vikram Bhauwala

Partner

Membership no.: 208382

Place: Bengaluru

Date: August 20, 2019

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of MTR Foods Private Limited

Atle Vidar Johnsen

Chairman DIN: 01361367

Place: Bengaluru Date: August 20, 2019 Sanjay Sharma

Director & Chief Executive Officer

DIN: 02581107

K.Aneesh

Company Secretary (Membership no: 32470)



Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

1 Nature of operations

MTR Foods Private Limited ("the Company" or "MTR") was incorporated at Bangalore in 1996. In 2012, MTR acquired 100% of the equity shares of Rasoi Magic Foods (India) Private Limited ("Rasoi") and resultantly, Rasoi became the subsidiary of MTR.

MTR and its subsidiary ("the Group") are engaged in the manufacture and sale of ready-to-eat food products, instant food mixes, spices and masalas, vermicelli, snacks, confectionery, milk based products and beverages. The Group also undertakes trading of certain food products.

In September 2017, MTR acquired 43% equity shares of Firmroots Private Limited ["Firmroots"] for Rs. 35,002,100 and resultantly, Firmroots became the associate of MTR.

2 Basis of preparation and consolidation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP). The Group has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the Accounting Standards (AS), notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), read together with Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 (as amended) and the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except in case of assets for which provision for impairment is made and revaluation is carried out, if any. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of consolidated financial statements have been consistently applied by the Group and are consistent with those of previous year.

The financial statements of its subsidiary and associate have been drawn upto the same reporting date as that of the Company i.e. March 31, 2019.

All material inter-company transactions and balances between the entities included in the consolidated financial statements have been eliminated. The excess of purchase price over the proportionate share of the book value of the net assets of the acquired subsidiary company is recognised in the consolidated financial statements as goodwill and disclosed under intangible assets.

Associates are accounted under equity method whereby the investment is initially recorded as cost, identifying any goodwill/capital reserve arising at the time of acquisition. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted thereafter for the post acquisition change in the investor's share of net assets of the investee. The consolidated statement of profit and loss reflects the investor's share of the results of operation of the associate.

2.1 Statement of significant accounting policies

(a) Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with the Indian GAAP requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting period end. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

(b) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, capital work in progress are stated at their historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment losses if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Borrowing costs relating to acquisition of property, plant and equipment which takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are also included to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying annual.





Bengaluru

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Items of stores and spares that meet the definition of property, plant and equipment are capitalized at cost and depreciated over their useful life. Otherwise, such items are classified as inventories.

Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of property, plant and equipment assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds/ net realisable value and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

The Group identifies and determines cost of a component whose cost is significant to the total cost of the asset having useful life that is materially different from that of the main asset.

Property, plant and equipment held for sale is valued at lower of their carrying amount and net realizable value. Any write-down is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Depreciation on tangible assets (c)

Depreciation is provided on straight line method based on the estimated useful lives of assets as specified below. The identified components are depreciated over their useful lives; the remaining asset is depreciated over the life of the principal asset.

Nature of Asset	Useful life (in years)
Factory Buildings	30
Plant & machinery	5-12
Office equipment	3-5
Computers	3
Electrical fittings	10
Furniture & fixtures	10
Vehicles	6

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the primary period of lease, or useful life, whichever is lower, on a straight line basis.

Management believes that depreciation rates currently used fairly reflect its estimate of the useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment assets, though these rates in certain cases are different from lives prescribed under Schedule II.

Where the estimated useful lives are different from lives prescribed under Schedule II, management has estimated these useful lives after taking into consideration technical assessment, prior asset usage experience (including number of shifts) and the risk of technological obsolescence.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Intangible assets (d)

Trademark/ Brand/Patents/Technical knowhow

Intangible assets comprising trademark/ brand/ patents/ technical knowhow acquired are stated at its purchase cost and are amortised over a period of four to ten years from the date of acquisition.

Computer software held for use in business/administrative purposes. Computer software is amortized over an estimated useful life of three years.

The amortization period and the amortization method are reviewed at least at each financial year end. With expected useful life of the asset is significantly different from previous estimates, the amortization periods



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

accordingly. If there has been a significant change in the expected pattern of economic benefits from the asset, the amortization method is changed to reflect the changed pattern. Such changes are accounted for in accordance with AS 5 Net Profit or Loss for the Period, Prior Period Items and Changes in Accounting Policies.

Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds/net realisable value and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the book value of the net assets of the acquired subsidiary /increase in shareholding in subsidiary company on the date of investment. Goodwill is not amortised but is tested for impairment on a yearly basis.

(e) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

- i) The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) net selling price and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.
- ii) The Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations which are prepared separately for each of the Group's cash-generating units to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations are generally covering a period of five years. For longer periods, a long term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year.
- iii) After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.
- iv) An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

(f) Inventories

Inventories are valued as follows:

Raw materials, packing materials and stores, spares and consumables

Lower of cost and net realizable value. However, materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis. Stores and spares which do not meet the definition of PPE are accounted as inventories.



Q17

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

Work in progress & finished goods including traded goods

Lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of Work in progress and finished goods includes direct materials and labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity. Cost of traded goods includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(g) Investments

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than a year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long term investments. The cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties.

Current investments are carried in the financial statements at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize a decline other than temporary in the value of the investments.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the statement of profit and loss.

(h) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been passed to the buyer. Revenue is stated net of discounts, trade schemes and goods and services tax. *Interest*

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable. Interest income is included under the head "other income" in the statement of profit and loss.

Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payment is established by the balance sheet date.

(i) Retirement and other employee benefits

Provident Fund

Retirement benefit in the form of Provident Fund is a defined contribution scheme and the contributions are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the year when the employee renders the related service and the contributions to the government funds are due. The Group has no obligation other than the contribution payable to provident fund authorities.

Gratuity

Gratuity liability is a defined benefit obligation. The Group contributes to a gratuity fund maintained by the Life Insurance Corporation of India. The amount of contribution is determined based upon actuarial valuation as at the year end. Such contributions are charged off to the statement of profit and loss. Provision is made for the shortfall.

Bendaluru

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

between the actuarial valuation as per Projected Unit Credit Method and the funded balance with the insurance company as at the Balance Sheet date.

Leave Encashment / compensated absences

As per Group policy, employees are eligible to encash part of the leave standing to the credit of employees every year and the balance accumulated leave standing to the credit at the time of resignation/retirement subject to terms and conditions. Provision for short-term compensated absences is made on the basis of an estimate of availment of the leave balance to the credit of the employees as at the Balance Sheet date. Long-term compensated absences are provided for based on an actuarial valuation as at Balance Sheet date. The actuarial valuation is done as per the projected unit credit method. The Group presents entire leave as a current liability in the balance sheet, since it doesn't have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for 12 months after the reporting date.

All actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to statement of profit and loss and are not deferred.

(j) Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign Currency transactions and balances

a. Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

b. Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

c. Exchange differences

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting of such monetary items of the Group at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in the previous financial statements, are recognised as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

d. Forward exchange contracts not intended for trading or speculation purposes

The Group uses forward exchange contracts to hedge its exposure to movements in foreign exchange rates and not for trading or speculation purposes.

(k) Government grant and subsidies

Grants and subsidies from the government are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the grant/subsidy will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with.

When the grant or subsidy relates to an expense item, it is recognized as income over the periods necessary to match them on a systematic basis to the costs, which it is intended to compensate. Where the grant or subsidy relates to a depreciable asset, such grants are treated as deferred income which is recognized in the statement of profit and loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset. The allocation to income is made over the periods and in the proportion in which depreciation on the related assets is charged.

(l) Income Taxes

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax.

Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the first Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax measurement is based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted probabilities.



Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred income taxes reflects the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. Where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, all deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realized against future taxable profits.

At each balance sheet date the Group re-assesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. It recognizes unrecognized deferred tax assets to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date. The Group writes-down the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realized. Any such write-down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set-off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in a year is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as current tax. MAT credit is recognized as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Group will pay normal income tax during the specified period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the MAT credit becomes eligible to be recognized as an asset in accordance with the recommendations contained in Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the said asset is created by way of a credit to the statement of profit and loss account and shown as MAT Credit Entitlement. The Group reviews the same at each balance sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of MAT Credit Entitlement to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that Group will pay normal Income Tax during the specified period.

(m) Accounting for Leases

Where the Group is the lessee

Finance Leases:

Finance leases, which effectively transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalized at the lower of the fair value and present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease term and disclosed as leased assets. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability based on the implicit rate of return. Finance charges are charged directly against income. Lease management fees, legal charges and other initial direct costs are capitalised.

ii. Operating lease:

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased term are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(n) Earnings Per Share

Basic Earnings per Share is calculated by dividing the net Profit or Loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net Profit or Loss for the year attributable to eap shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects all dilutive potential equity shares.

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

(o) Segment reporting policies

Identification of segments:

The Group's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of products and services provided. The analysis of geographical segments is based on the areas in which major operating divisions of the Group operate.

Inter segment transfers:

The Group generally accounts for intersegment sales and transfers as if the sales or transfers were to third parties at current market prices.

Allocation of common costs:

Common allocable costs are allocated to each segment according to the relative contribution of each segment to the total common costs.

Unallocated items:

General corporate income and expense items which are not allocated to any business segment.

(p) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow or resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The Group does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

(q) Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

(r) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at bank and in hand and short term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

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3

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2019					8
Authorized shares 50,000,000 (March 31, 2018: 50,000,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each 500,000,000 500,000,000 500,000,000 500,000,000 500,000,000 500,000,000 500,000,000 500,000,000 500,000,000 111,830,000				March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Solution Solution	Share capital		-		
9,809,269 (March 31, 2018: 11,183,000) equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up Total issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital (a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period Equity Shares As at March 31, 2019 No. Rs. No. Rs. At the beginning of the year At the beginning of the year (Refer note (e) below) 1,373,731 13,737,310				500,000,000	500,000,000
(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period Equity Shares $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		ly paid up		98,092,690	111,830,000
Equity Shares As at March 31, 2019 As at March 31, 2018 No. Rs. No. Rs. At the beginning of the year 11,183,000 111,830,000 11,183,00	Total issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital		=	98,092,690	111,830,000
No. Rs. No. Rs. At the beginning of the year 11,183,000 111,830,000 11,183,000 <		the end of the repor	ting period		
At the beginning of the year 11,183,000 111,830,000 11,183,000 111,830,000 Less: Shares bought back during the year (Refer note (e) below) 1,373,731 13,737,310 -	•	As at Marc	ch 31, 2019	As at Marc	h 31, 2018
Less: Shares bought back during the year (Refer note (e) below) 1,373,731 13,737,310 -		No.	Rs.	No.	Rs.
	At the beginning of the year	11,183,000	111,830,000	11,183,000	111,830,000
Outstanding at the end of the year 9,809,269 98,092,690 11,183,000 111,830,000	Less: Shares bought back during the year (Refer note (e) below)	1,373,731	13,737,310		
	Outstanding at the end of the year	9,809,269	98,092,690	11,183,000	111,830,000

(b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

- i) The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs, 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees.
- ii) In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares would be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/associates

Out of equity shares issued by the Company, shares held by its holding company, ultimate holding company and their subsidiaries/ associates are as below:

	As at March 31, 2019 Rs.	As at March 31, 2018 Rs.
(i) Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd, Singapore, the immediate holding company 9,809,209 (March 31, 2018: 11,182,940) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	98,092,090	111,829,400
(ii) Orkla Food Ingredients AS, Norway, Associate Company 60 (March 31, 2018: 60) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	600	600

(d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

	As at Mar	As at March 31, 2019		31, 2018
	No.	% holding	No.	% holding
Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid				
Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd, Singapore	9,809,209	99.999%	11,182,940	99,999%

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declaration received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

(e) Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
	No.	No.
Equity shares bought back by the Company	3,373,731	2,000,000

In accordance with the approval of the shareholders on March 13, 2019, provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 and subsequent ammendments made thereafter, the Company offered to buy-back its equity shares of face value of Rs. 10 each, from the shareholders.

During the year ended March 31, 2019, the Company bought back 1,373,731 equity shares at price of Rs. 495 per share, utilizing a sum of Rs. 679,996,845. The amount paid towards buy-back of shares in excess of the face value,was appropriated out of Securities premium account, amounted to Rs.195,499,069 and out of surplus in the statement of Profit and Loss amounted to Rs 470,760,466. The Company extinguished the above mentioned shares as on March 31, 2019 and created Capital Redemption Reserve of Rs. 13,737,310 by way of appropriation against Surplus in the Statement of profit and loss amounting to Rs. 13,737,310.

Bengaluru



Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

		As at March 31, 2019 Rs.	As at March 31, 2018 Rs.
	Reserves and surplus	-	
	Capital Redemption Reserve		
	Balance as per the last financial statements	20,000,000	20,000,000
	Add: Amount transferred for buy-back of equity shares (Refer note 3 (e) above)	13,737,310	20,000,000
		33,737,310	20,000,000
	Securities premium account		
	Balance as per the last financial statements	195,499,069	195,499,069
	Add: Additions during the year	193,499,009	193,499,069
	Less: amounts utilized for premium on buy-back of equity shares (Refer note 3(e) above)	195,499,069	~
	1	150,155,005	195,499,069
	Surplus in the statement of profit and loss		
	Balance as per last financial statements	2,008,638,664	1,524,824,538
	Profit for the year	608,856,595	483,814,126
	Less: Appropriations		
	Amounts utilized for premium on buy-back of equity shares (Refer note 3 (e) above)	470,760,466	-
	Tax on buy back of equity shares	139,210,603	· ·
	Transfer to Capital Redemption Reserve (Refer note 3 (e) above)	13,737,310	
	Total appropriations	623,708,379	4
	Net surplus in the statement of profit and loss	1 002 707 000	2 000 (20 (()
	Net surplus in the statement of profit and loss	1,993,786,880	2,008,638,664
	Total reserves and surplus	2,027,524,190	2,224,137,733
		8	
		As at	As at
	,	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
		Rs.	Rs.
5	Deferred government grants	24-	
	Deferred government grant [refer note 37]	2,018,494	3,033,151
		2,018,494	3,033,151

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5



Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

	As at March 31, 2019 Rs.	As at March 31, 2018 Rs.	As at March 31, 2019 Rs.	As at March 31, 2018 Rs.
6 Long-term borrowings	Non-curre	ent portion	Current i	maturities
Finance lease obligation (secured)	Ř	9,198,986	9,198,986	8,951,600
Amount disclosed under the head "other current liabilities"		585	(9,198,986)	(8,951,600)
		9,198,986	¥	

Note: The above pertains to the leasehold improvements obtained on a lease from the lessor of the Company's office premises.

7 Trade payable and other liabilities

	Non Curi	ent	Curre	ent
a Trade payables				
Total outstanding dues of micro & small enterprises (refer note 34 for details				
of dues to micro and small enterprises)	-	-	50,919,555	41,877,638
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro & small enterprises	-	-	732,142,351	669,734,893
		-	783,061,906	711,612,531
b Other liabilities				
Current maturites of long term borrowings (finance lease obligation)		(= :	9,198,986	8,951,600
Interest accrued and due on borrowings	2	727	143,057	-,,
Others			•	
Interest free deposits from customers	-	, * -0	4,464,643	3,589,643
Advance from customers	€.	(-	27,015,122	23,275,920
Book overdraft	5	· ·		35,328,807
Payable towards capital creditors (refer note 34 for details of dues to micro				
and small enterprises)	*:	(+0)	16,682,205	28,539,854
Deferred Rent	81,702	1,575,135	1,409,985	2,846,196
Payables to employees	**	540	173,961,485	165,863,887
Other statutory dues*	*		163,508,339	24,438,053
	81,702	1,575,135	396,383,822	292,833,960

^{*} Includes dues towards provident fund, withholding taxes, goods and services tax, employee state insurance, professional tax and buy back tax.

8	Short-term borrowings	As at March 31, 2019 Rs.	As at March 31, 2018 Rs.
	Short-term loans from banks (unsecured) [Refer note (i) below]	245,000,000	110,000,000
	Bank overdraft (unsecured) [Refer note (ii) below]	18,626,131	
		263,626,131	110,000,000
		-	

(i) The loans comprises of below:

- (a) Indian rupee loans (INR) taken by MTR for Rs. 160,000,000 (March 31, 2018: Rs. 20,000,000) for a duration of less than 1 year and carrying interest, ranging from 6,20% to 6.50 % per annum (March 31, 2018: 8% per annum). The interest on such borrowing is linked to treasury bill rate, which is floating in nature.
- (b) Rasoi has taken a short-term INR loan for a duration of less than 1 year carrying interest in the range of 6% to 7% per annum (March 31, 2018 6%-7% per annum). The interest on such borrowing is linked to treasury bill rate, which is floating in nature.
- (ii) (a) MTR has obtained an unsecured overdraft facility of Rs 15 617 453 (March 31, 2018 · Nil) from a bank, carrying interest rate of 11,40% per appure

(a) Mark that obtained are unsecured overdiant facility of Rs. 15,017,455 (Water 51, 2016 : 14th) from a bank, carrying interest rate of 11,4076 per annum.
(b) Rasoi has obtained an unsecured overdraft facility of Rs.30,08,678 (March 31, 2018: Nil) from a bank, carrying interest rate of 14.5% per annum, fixed in
nature.

Provisions

Provision for employee benefits

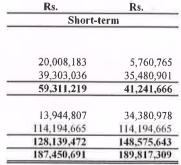
Provision for gratuity [refer note 27] Provision for leave benefits

Other provision

Provision for taxation (net) Other provision [refer note 32 (a)(i)]

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1	4-	1
	-	





As at

March 31, 2018

As at

March 31, 2019



Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

to: Troperty, Francianu Equipment	Land*	Buildings	Leasehold	Plant & Machinery	Office	Electrical Fittings	Furniture &	Vehicles	Rs. Total
Cost					mamdmha		FIXUIES		
At April 01, 2017	444,038,186	599,862,527	58,587,423	1,349,291,525	52,488,463	88,479,351	59.804.315	4.502.265	2,657,054,055
Additions	e.∎	95,304,754	147,499	470,754,532	4,140,985	21,623,292	25.932.635		617 903 697
Disposals	e	(9,130,539)	(17,118)	(50,470,415)	(4,743,082)	(8,268,544)	(499,528)	: 19	(73.129.226)
Transfer to assets held for sale			•)		10	•			(11 376 452)
At March 31, 2018	444,038,186	686,036,742	58,717,804	1,758,199,190	51,886,366	101,834,099	85,237,422	4,502,265	3.190,452,074
Additions	((**)	54,697,257	3,140,291	203,297,841	14,490,532	11,502,012	3,192,570		290,320,503
Disposals	76	*	//4	(417,041)	•	•	ğ	٠	(417,041)
Transfer to assets held for sale	*10	•		(21,577,793)	•		(115,679)	::	(21,693,472)
At March 31, 2019	444,038,186	740,733,999	61,858,095	1,939,502,197	66,376,898	113,336,111	88,314,313	4,502,265	3,458,662,064
Depreciation					_				
At April 01, 2017	131	114,777,362	34,969,168	579,931,330	44,982,719	33,320,289	28.627.419	3.512.244	840,120,531
Charge for the year	*	27,068,621	8,313,970	134,155,338	4,205,213	9,566,071	6,435,284	457,995	190.202.492
Disposals	•	(603,191)	(16,362)	(35,364,625)	(4,737,281)	(4,818,155)	(460,751)		(46,000,365)
Transfer to assets held for sale	(1)	3.0		(8,120,181)	•		•		(8,120,181)
At March 31, 2018		141,242,792	-43,266,776	670,601,862	44,450,651	38,068,205	34,601,952	3.970.239	976.202.477
Charge for the year	19	30,052,915	8,437,328	155,026,802	6,627,041	10,158,156	7,443,716	457,996	218,203,954
Disposals	*	9))	(290,913)	(<u>•</u>	11.		; inc	(290,913)
Transfer to assets held for sale				(16,856,713)	*		(85,418)		(16,942,131)
At March 31, 2019		171,295,707	51,704,104	808,481,038	51,077,692	48,226,361	41,960,250	4,428,235	1,177,173,387
Impairment loss					5				
At April 01, 201/	•	(•	•	99,083,149		(•);		c	99,083,149
Charles Ior the year		*	*	Ā	ř	X*	(¥		e)
At March 31, 2018	٠	į.	530	99,083,149	r	10		30	99,083,149
Charge for the year	•	٠	*		į.		<u> </u>	7	
At March 31, 2019	1	•		99,083,149	K	•	26		99,083,149
Net Block At March 31, 2018	444,038,186	544,793,950	15,451,028	988,514,179	7,435,715	63,765,894	50,635,470	532,026	2,115,166,448

*Title deed pertaining to Land (Plot 88), with a cost of Rs 45,954,039 originally acquired on lease cum sale basis from Karnataka Industrial Areas Development Board (KIADB) is pending registration in the name of the Company. The Company has made an application to KIADB for execution of absolute sale deed in its favour, which is currently pending with KIADB. The gross block of immovable assets located in the land premises is Rs. 49,737,273 (March 31, 2018: Rs. 49,187,693) [Net block Rs. 29,002,573 (March 31, 2018: Rs. 30,415,605)]

1,031,938,010

10,153,99

569,438,292

444,038,186

At March 31, 2019

** Leasehold improvements include the following assets obtained under finance lease arrangement:

	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-18
Gross block	39,955,200	39,955,200
Depreciation for the year	6,659,200	6,659,200
Accumulated depreciation	34,128,400	27,469,200
Net book value	5.826.800	12,486,000







MTR FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

0.2 Intangible assets					Rs.
	Patents	Trade mark & brand	Computer software	Goodwill	Total
Cost					
At April 01, 2017	84,000,000	386,423,430	70,094,547	261,330,480	801,848,457
Additions		-	6,780,964	-	6,780,964
At March 31, 2018	84,000,000	386,423,430	76,875,511	261,330,480	808,629,421
Additions	0.000 C		30,966,462		30,966,462
At March 31, 2019	84,000,000	386,423,430	107,841,973	261,330,480	839,595,883
Amortisation					
At April 01, 2017	50,400,000	385,588,667	60,267,931	-	496,256,598
Charge for the year	-	834,763	6,100,577	-	6,935,340
At March 31, 2018	50,400,000	386,423,430	66,368,508	-	503,191,938
Charge for the year	·		13,415,711	7	13,415,711
At March 31, 2019	50,400,000	386,423,430	79,784,219	<u>=</u>	516,607,649
Impairment loss					
At April 01, 2017	33,600,000	4	:/ <u>=</u> 1	2	33,600,000
Charge for the year	X₩2			-	#:
At March 31, 2018	33,600,000	3	∮ €	9	33,600,000
Charge for the year			(<u>4</u>	iii.	
At March 31, 2019	33,600,000		19E	*	33,600,000
Net Block					
At March 31, 2018	33 - 3	*	10,507,003	261,330,480	271,837,483
At March 31, 2019			28,057,754	261,330,480	289,388,234

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	to consonuated financial statements for the year ended March 51, 2015		
		As at March 31, 2019 Rs.	As at March 31, 2018 Rs.
11	Non-current investments		
	Non Trade investments - Long term (valued at cost unless stated otherwise)		
	Unquoted equity instruments		
	750 (March 31, 2018: 750) equity shares of Rs 50 each fully paid-up in	37,500	37,500
	Vishweshwar Bank Ltd		
	Trade investments - Long term (valued at cost unless stated otherwise)		
	Unquoted equity instruments		
	Investment in associate		
	8,065 (March 31, 2018; 8,065) equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up in Firmroots Private Limited		
	Cost of acquisition including goodwill of Rs. 35,002,100 (March 31, 2018: Rs. 35,002,100)	35,002,100	35,002,100
	arising on acquisition of associate	21	
	Accumulated share of profit /(loss) from associate	(14,813,512)	(3,910,942)
	I was only I to I was a	20,188,588	31,091,158
	Investment in Other Equity Instruments 1,112 (March 31.2018:NIL) equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid-up in Pot Ful India Private Limited	22,000,920	:=1
	Non Current Investments	42,227,008	31,128,658
12	Deferred tax asset/(liability)	As at	As at
	Zeterred that insert (installer)	March 31, 2019 Rs.	March 31, 2018 Rs.
	Deferred tax liability		
	Impact of difference between tax depreciation and depreciation/ amortization charged for the financial reporting	111,222,174	90,733,422
	1 ,	111,222,174	90,733,422
	financial reporting		
	financial reporting Gross deferred tax liability Deferred tax asset Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year but allowed		
	financial reporting Gross deferred tax liability Deferred tax asset Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis	111,222,174 36,167,922	90,733,422
	financial reporting Gross deferred tax liability Deferred tax asset Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis Provision for doubtful debts/advances	36,167,922 3,149,653	90,733,422
	financial reporting Gross deferred tax liability Deferred tax asset Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis Provision for doubtful debts/advances Loss as per income tax computation available for offsetting against future taxable income*	36,167,922 3,149,653 14,152,462	90,733,422 46,034,420 245,760
	financial reporting Gross deferred tax liability Deferred tax asset Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis Provision for doubtful debts/advances Loss as per income tax computation available for offsetting against future taxable income* Others [Refer Note 32 (a)(i)]	36,167,922 3,149,653 14,152,462 40,396,544	90,733,422 46,034,420 245,760 41,052,362
	financial reporting Gross deferred tax liability Deferred tax asset Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis Provision for doubtful debts/advances Loss as per income tax computation available for offsetting against future taxable income* Others [Refer Note 32 (a)(i)] Gross deferred tax asset	36,167,922 3,149,653 14,152,462 40,396,544 93,866,581	90,733,422 46,034,420 245,760 - 41,052,362 87,332,542
	financial reporting Gross deferred tax liability Deferred tax asset Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis Provision for doubtful debts/advances Loss as per income tax computation available for offsetting against future taxable income* Others [Refer Note 32 (a)(i)]	36,167,922 3,149,653 14,152,462 40,396,544	90,733,422 46,034,420 245,760 41,052,362
	financial reporting Gross deferred tax liability Deferred tax asset Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis Provision for doubtful debts/advances Loss as per income tax computation available for offsetting against future taxable income* Others [Refer Note 32 (a)(i)] Gross deferred tax asset	36,167,922 3,149,653 14,152,462 40,396,544 93,866,581	90,733,422 46,034,420 245,760 - 41,052,362 87,332,542
	financial reporting Gross deferred tax liability Deferred tax asset Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis Provision for doubtful debts/advances Loss as per income tax computation available for offsetting against future taxable income* Others [Refer Note 32 (a)(i)] Gross deferred tax asset Deferred tax asset/(liability)	36,167,922 3,149,653 14,152,462 40,396,544 93,866,581	90,733,422 46,034,420 245,760 - 41,052,362 87,332,542
	financial reporting Gross deferred tax liability Deferred tax asset Impact of expenditure charged to the statement of profit and loss in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis Provision for doubtful debts/advances Loss as per income tax computation available for offsetting against future taxable income* Others [Refer Note 32 (a)(i)] Gross deferred tax asset Deferred tax asset/(liability) Classified as	36,167,922 3,149,653 14,152,462 40,396,544 93,866,581 (17,355,593)	90,733,422 46,034,420 245,760 - 41,052,362 87,332,542

^{*} During the year ended March 31, 2019, Rasoi has reassessed previously unrecognised deferred tax assets pertaining to unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences. Accordingly, a deferred tax asset of Rs. 15,546,160 for the year ended March 31, 2019 (March 31, 2018; Nil) has been recorded based on the profitability of Rasoi and management best estimate of future taxable income.

		-	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
		_	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
13	Loans and advances	-	Non-cu	rrent	Curi	rent
	Capital advances					
	Unsecured, considered good		5,607,984	17,399,031		
		(A)	5,607,984	17,399,031	·	(€
	Security deposit	_	H			
	Unsecured, considered good		70,786,889	58,017,839		2,000,000
		(B)	70,786,889	58,017,839		2,000,000
	Advances recoverable in cash or kind					
	Unsecured considered good			22	35,412,606	36,163,690
	Unsecured, considered doubtful		6 6	*	2,346,603	444,003
		-	(66)	*	37,759,209	36,607,693
	Less: provision for doubtful advances				2,346,603	444,003
		(C)	-	-	35,412,606	36,163,690
	Other loans and advances, Unsecured considered good	-				
	MAT Credit Entitlement		2,875,132	330,871	*	5
	Advance income-tax (net of provision for taxation)		519,446	915,569		*:
	Prepaid expenses		100	€.	19,832,191	23,104,302
	Loans to employees		12		21,822,095	24,045,727
	Balances with statutory / government authorities		:(⊕)		86,559,794	44,893,517
		(D)	3,394,578	1,246,440	128,214,080	92,043,546
	Total (A+B+C+D)	=	79,789,451	76,663,310	163,626,686	130,207,236
14	Other assets		Non-cu	rrent	Cur	rent
	Property, plant and equipment held for sale	soi & As	Soll -	*	1,400,325	3,387,000
	Accrued interest on other deposits	0	1211	9	3,200	601,964
	// -	- 4	10111			

Property, plant and equipment held for sale Accrued interest on other deposits Other bank balances [Refer note 18] Other receivables [Refer note 29]

1,400,325 3,200 Bengaluru 6,1,136,657 1,053,465 6,448,242 1,136,657 1,053,465 7,851,767

808,570

4,797,534

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

				As at March 31, 2019 Rs.	As at March 31, 2018 Rs.
15	Current Investments				
	Unquoted mutual funds (valued at lower of cost and fair value, unless stated Adiya Birla Sun Life Cash Plus fund 348,841,623 units (March 31, 2018:179,517,588) at Rs,300,02 cost per unit (Marc Market value Rs, 104,804,652 (March 31, 2018: Rs. 50,141,883)]			104,660,164	50,064,747
	DSP BlackRock Liquidity Fund 36,317.699 units (March 31, 2018: 1,723,629 units) at Rs. 2,669,84 cost per unit [Market value Rs. 97,091,417 (March 31, 2018: Rs, 4,283,770)]	(March 31, 2018: Rs. 2,4	70,38)	96,962,466	4,258,020
16	Inventories (valued at lower of cost and net realizable value)		×=	201,622,630	54,322,767
	Raw materials Packing materials			168,784,895 83,421,392	265,410,783 84,120,574
	Work-in-progress Finished goods Traded goods Stores, spares and consumables			25,287,011 184,831,434 42,188,939 55,257,027	15,798,307 215,347,488 24,209,713 39,784,090
	stores, spares and consumators			559,770,698	644,670,955
17	Trade receivables				
	Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment				
	due for payment Unsecured, considered good Doubtful			5,433,510 266,122	
	due for payment Unsecured, considered good		-	, ,	266,122 3,055,932 266,122
	due for payment Unsecured, considered good Doubtful		-	266,122 5,699,632 266,122	266,122 3,055,932 266,122
	due for payment Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables Other receivables Unsecured, considered good			266,122 5,699,632 266,122 5,433,510 213,988,663	266,122 3,055,932 266,122 2,789,810
	due for payment Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables Other receivables Unsecured, considered good Doubtful			266,122 5,699,632 266,122 5,433,510 213,988,663 6,400,705 220,389,368 6,400,705	266,122 3,055,932 266,122 2,789,810 179,846,370
18	due for payment Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables Other receivables Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables	Non- c		266,122 5,699,632 266,122 5,433,510 213,988,663 6,400,705 220,389,368 6,400,705 213,988,663 219,422,173	266,122 3,055,932 266,122 2,789,810 179,846,370 179,846,370 179,846,370 182,636,180
18	due for payment Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables Other receivables Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables	Non- c As at March 31, 2019	urrent As at March 31, 2018	266,122 5,699,632 266,122 5,433,510 213,988,663 6,400,705 220,389,368 6,400,705 213,988,663 219,422,173	266,122 3,055,932 266,122 2,789,810 179,846,370 179,846,370 179,846,370 182,636,180
18	due for payment Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables Other receivables Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables	As at	As at	266,122 5,699,632 266,122 5,433,510 213,988,663 6,400,705 220,389,368 6,400,705 213,988,663 219,422,173 Curr	266,122 3,055,932 266,122 2,789,810 179,846,370 179,846,370 179,846,370 182,636,180
18	due for payment Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables Other receivables Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables Cash and bank balances Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks: - On current accounts	As at	As at	266,122 5,699,632 266,122 5,433,510 213,988,663 6,400,705 220,389,368 6,400,705 213,988,663 219,422,173 Cur As at March 31, 2019	266,122 3,055,932 266,122 2,789,810 179,846,370 179,846,370 179,846,370 182,636,180 rent As at March 31, 2018
18	due for payment Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables Other receivables Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables Cash and bank balances Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks:	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	266,122 5,699,632 266,122 5,433,510 213,988,663 6,400,705 220,389,368 6,400,705 213,988,663 219,422,173 Cur As at March 31, 2019 7,119,396 268,222	266,122 3,055,932 266,122 2,789,810 179,846,370 179,846,370 182,636,180 rent As at March 31, 2018
18	due for payment Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables Other receivables Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables Cash and bank balances Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks: On current accounts Cash on hand	As at	As at	266,122 5,699,632 266,122 5,433,510 213,988,663 6,400,705 220,389,368 6,400,705 213,988,663 219,422,173 Cur As at March 31, 2019	266,122 3,055,932 266,122 2,789,810 179,846,370 179,846,370 182,636,180 rent As at March 31, 2018
18	due for payment Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables Other receivables Unsecured, considered good Doubtful Provision for doubtful receivables Cash and bank balances Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks: - On current accounts	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	266,122 5,699,632 266,122 5,433,510 213,988,663 6,400,705 220,389,368 6,400,705 213,988,663 219,422,173 Cur As at March 31, 2019 7,119,396 268,222	266,122 3,055,932 266,122 2,789,810 179,846,370 179,846,370 179,846,370 182,636,180 rent As at March 31, 2018

Deposit includes Rs. 1,136,657 (March 31, 2018 - Rs. 1,053,465) as collateral against bank guarantee.

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
	Rs.	Rs.
9 Revenue from operations (net)		
Sale of products	- 150 0 co 0 co 1	
Finished goods	7,170,353,216	6,675,358,875
Traded goods	641,012,924	472,007,79
8	7,811,366,140	7,147,366,666
Other operating revenue		
Scrap sales	12,304,661	7,419,346
Others	12,717,346	17,932,68:
Officia	25,022,007	25,352,03
Revenue from operations - Gross	7,836,388,147	7,172,718,69
Less: Excise duty [refer note 33]	*	11,444,243
Revenue from operations (net)	7,836,388,147	7,161,274,45
Detail of products sold		
Finished goods sold		
Spices and masalas	3,197,501,229	3,053,412,63
Instant foods mixes and ready to eat items	2,840,982,745	2,561,535,60
Vermicelli & Macaroni	660,979,985	635,189,98
Beverages	565,186,362	498,176,38
Confectionery	41,712,385	54,599,30
	7,306,362,706	6,802,913,91
Less : Sales returns	(136,009,490)	(138,999,28
Total	7,170,353,216	6,663,914,63
Traded goods sold		
Pickles & Papads	74,965,055	86,248,44
Spices	348,698,099	195,367,06
Spice mix and masalas	23,649,456	26,698,55
Vermicelli & Macaroni	179,793,967	126,099,92
Snacks	5,607,542	49,859,16
Oral Care	19,007,008	4,183,86
Others	17,007,000	131,37
	651,721,127	488,588,39
Less : Sales returns	(10,708,203)	(16,580,60
Total	641,012,924	472,007,79
Net Sales (net of excise duty)	7,811,366,140	7,135,922,423
0 Other income		4)
Interest income on		
Bank deposits	98,876	214,15
Others	774,212	573,14
Dividend income on non-current investments	3,750	4,50
Gain on account of foreign exchange fluctuations (net)	10 994 049	17.047.02



Other non-operating income

Gain on account of foreign exchange fluctuations (net)

Profit on sale of investments in units of mutual funds - current



17,047,922

3,856,999

4,151,863 **25,848,581**

10,884,948

28,799,863

8,504,451 **49,066,100**

MTR FOODS PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

		Year ended March 31, 2019 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2018 ∙Rs.
21 Cost of raw materials and packing materia	ls consumed	=	
a) Raw materials			
Inventory at the beginning of the year		265,410,783	205,726,396
Add: Purchases (net)	V V	2,917,740,389	2.933.558.974
		3,183,151,172	3,139,285,370
Less: Inventory at the end of the year		168,784,895	265,410,783
,		3,014,366,277	2,873,874,587
b) Packing materials			
Inventory at the beginning of the year		94 120 574	75 000 121
Add: Purchases (net)	- 13	84,120,574	75,880,131
Add. I dichases (het)		567,711,425	548,856,197
Less: Inventory at the end of the year		651,831,999	624,736,328
bess. Inventory at the end of the year		83,421,392 568,410,607	84,120,574 540,615,754
		303,410,007	340,013,734
Total (a+b)		3,582,776,884	3,414,490,341
Details of raw materials and packing mater	rials consumed		
Spice & spice powders		1,099,872,456	1,152,686,635
Wheat & rice products		791,717,662	736,005,680
Milk and milk solids		400,409,095	354,621,436
Fruits, berries, nuts & seeds and vegetables		399,198,178	343,835,749
Sugar & Chemicals		233,459,162	213,963,337
Vegetable oils		84,911,985	65,778,037
Others		4,797,739	6,983,713
Packing materials (various)		568,410,607	540,615,754
		3,582,776,884	3,414,490,341
Details of Inventory			
Spice & spice powders		73,099,279	60,199,887
Wheat & rice products		10,426,843	9,912,074
Milk and milk solids		28,668,100	143,273,883
Fruits, berries, nuts & seeds and vegetables		20,444,735	20,840,771
Sugar & Chemicals		31,927,668	28,706,819
Vegetable oils		3,060,076	1,945,882
Packing materials (various)		83,421,392	84,120,574
Others		1,158,194	531,467
		252,206,287	349,531,357

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

22 (Increase)/ decrease in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and traded goods Inventories at the beginning of the year Traded goods	Rs. 24,209,713	Rs.
Traded goods	24 209 713	
Traded goods	24 209 713	
-	74 /119 /13	20.244.241
		38,244,241
Work-in-progress	15,798,307	16,880,675
Finished goods	215,347,488	212,385,777
T	255,355,508	267,510,693
Inventories at the end of the year	40.400.000	
Traded goods	42,188,939	24,209,713
Work-in-progress	25,287,011	15,798,307
Finished goods	184,831,434	215,347,488
_	252,307,384	255,355,508
=	3,048,124	12,155,185
Detail of purchase of traded goods		
Detail of purchase of traded goods Pickles and papads	48,338,422	50,881,443
Spices	298,514,806	162,803,042
Spice mix and masalas		
Vermicelli and macaroni	11,919,532	13,719,370
	129,635,079	68,483,400
Snacks	3,286,108	44,474,820
Oral Care	24,448,842	4,893,573
Others		4,553,817
<u> </u>	516,142,789	349,809,465
Detail of inventory of products		
Finished goods		
Instant food mixes & ready to eat items	65,504,855	53,625,269
Spice & masalas	86,342,121	116,315,396
Vermicelli & Macaroni	18,628,080	27,061,614
Beverages	11,055,900	13,478,330
Confectionery	3,300,478	4,866,879
	184,831,434	215,347,488
_	E E	
Traded goods		
Pickles and papads	2,056,065	2,571,007
Spices	18,722,460	6,988,337
Spice mix and masalas	237,798	894,701
Vermicelli and macaroni	4,459,634	3,762,453
Snacks	739,671	2,576,218
Oral Care	13,949,313	4,013,975
Others	2,023,998	3,403,022
=	42,188,939	24,209,713
23 Employee benefits expense		
Salaries, wages and bonus	840,344,683	744,521,372
Contribution to provident and other funds	34,193,939	33,742,616
Gratuity [refer note 27]	20,804,402	5,718,075
Staff welfare expenses	83,163,228	83,363,082
Start violate expenses	978,506,252	867,345,145





	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2018 Rs.
24 Other expenses		
Consumption of stores and spares	42,309,436	31,460,611
Excise duty paid (including (increase)/decrease of excise duty on inventory)	¥	5,737,607
Sub contract charges	8,077,009	8,322,742
Power and fuel	116,131,954	121,014,190
Processing and water charges	26,287,708	11,563,694
Freight and forwarding charges	238,834,087	224,201,126
Rent	57,081,934	55,947,083
Rates and taxes	6,266,862	4,816,670
Insurance	8,415,143	7,091,573
Repairs and maintenance	0,413,143	7,071,373
Plant and machinery	57,213,939	35,257,766
Buildings	35,393,695	
Others		23,932,479
Advertising and sales promotion	62,322,963 678,705,375	57,102,031
Sales commission		681,653,561
Travelling and conveyance	65,753,974	60,622,310
Communication costs	55,545,128	48,033,044
Provision for doubtful debts and advances	3,743,665	3,118,354
	8,303,305	00.404.550
Legal and professional fees Payments to auditors (Refer details below)	94,391,129	80,494,578
	6,235,000	5,049,138
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment (net) Asset written off	3,275,805	2,360,031
	4,672,374	-
CSR expenses [Refer note 36]	9,696,696	7,358,353
Miscellaneous expenses	81,044,130 1,669,701,311	66,178,146 1,541,315,087
		The state of the s
Payments to auditors		
As auditor:		
Audit fee	4,550,000	4,055,341
In other capacity:		
Limited review	1,150,000	575,000
Certification services	225,000	115,000
Reimbursement of expenses (including service tax)	310,000	303,797
	6,235,000	5,049,138
25 Depreciation and amortization expense		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	218,203,954	190,202,492
Amortization of intangible assets	13,415,711	6,935,340
0	231,619,665	197,137,832
26 Finance costs		
Interest	6,444,390	11,139,115
Bank charges	3,427,644	4,407,931
Interest on income tax	16,919	
Finance charge on lease		2,130,697
i manos sharge on touse	2,777,040	3,890,781
	12,665,993	21,568,524

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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

27 Gratuity

The Group has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee in India who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service. The scheme is funded with an insurance company in the form of a qualifying insurance policy.

The following tables summarize the components of net benefit expense recognized in the statement of profit and loss and the funded status and amounts recognized in the balance sheet for the gratuity plan.

	the defended offset for the gratacty plant,		
		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
	Statement of profit and loss	Rs.	Rs.
a	Net employee benefit expense recognized in the employee benefit expense		
	Current service cost	11,545,824	10,632,364
	Recognised past service cost (Refer Note (i) below)	11,075	5,551,750
	Interest cost on benefit obligation	10,415,224	8,772,960
	Expected return on plan assets	(10,249,273)	(8,121,367)
	Net actuarial(gain) / loss recognized in the year	9,081,552	(11,117,632)
	Net benefit expense	20,804,402	5,718,075
	Actual return on plan assets	10,063,619	8,795,416
	Balance sheet		
b	Benefit asset/ liability		
_	Present value of defined benefit obligation	(162,886,867)	(138,968,257)
	Fair value of plan assets	142,856,626	133,174,359
	Unrecognised Past Service Cost	22_058	33,133
	Plan asset / (liability)	(20,008,183)	(5,760,765)
С	Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:	·	
	Opening defined benefit obligation	138,968,257	129,105,435
	Recognised past service cost (Refer Note (i) below)	130,700,237	5,551,750
	Unrecognised past service cost		33,133
	Current service cost	11,545,824	10,632,364
	Interest cost	10,415,224	8,772,960
	Benefits paid	(6,938,336)	(4,683,802)
	Actuarial (gains) / losses on obligation	8,895,898	(10,443,583)
	Closing defined benefit obligation	162,886,867	138,968,257
10	Note (i): The past service cost for the year ended March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 pertains to increase in benefit of Rs. 1,000,000 to Rs. 2,000,000.		
d	Changes in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:		
	Opening fair value of plan assets	133,174,359	108,361,791
	Expected return	10,249,273	8,121,367
	Contributions by employer	6,556,984	20,700,954
	Benefits paid	(6,938,336)	(4,683,802)
	Actuarial gains / (losses)	(185,654)	674,049
	Closing fair value of plan assets	142,856,626	133,174,359
	The Group expects to contribute Rs 20,090,454 to gratuity in the next year (March 31, 2018: Rs 5,885,091).		
	The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets are as follows:		
	Investments with insurer	100%	100%
		10078	10070

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

March 31st, 2019

7.50% - 7.70%

2% -7%

7.50% - 7.70%

March 31st, 2018

Bengalur

7.50%

2% -7%

7.70% - 7.77%

The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled. There has been change in expected rate of return on assets due to change in the market scenario.

f Experience adjustment for the current period and previous four periods are as follows:

e The principal assumptions used in determining benefit obligations:

	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Defined benefit obligation	162,886,867	138,968,257	129,105,435	103,410,144	85,877,831
Plan assets	142,856,626	133,174,359	108,361,791	88,194,433	63,524,141
Surplus / (deficit)	(20,030,241)	(5,793,898)	(20,743,644)	(15,215,023)	(22,353,690)
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	2,345,633	(1,546,020)	(315,730)	(3,603,811)	2,182,294
Experience adjustments on plan assets	(185,654)	674,049	691,455	782,974	2 4 1,321,637



Discount rate

Attrition Rate

Expected rate of return on assets



Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

28 Leases

a Operating leases (as a lessee)

The Group has operating leases for office and other premises that are renewable on a periodic basis for periods extending from 1 to 6 years and cancellable at its option. Future commitments for non-cancellable lease agreements as at March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 are as follows

	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
	Rs.	Rs.
Lease payments for the year	57,081,934	55,947,083
Minimum Lease Payments:		
Within one year	18,731,043	34,462,185
After one year but not more than five years	8,514,818	14,732,938
Total	27,245,861	49,195,123

b Finance lease (as a lessee)

The Group has obtained leasehold improvements at office premises under finance lease arrangement. Future minimum lease payments (MLP) under finance lease together with the present value of the MLP are as follows:

	Marc	March 31, 2019		, 2018
	Minimum payments Rs.	Present value of MLP Rs.	Minimum payments Rs.	Present value of MLP Rs.
Within one year	10,608,350	9,198,986	11,728,640	8,951,600
After one year but not more than five years		3.83	10,608,350	9,198,986
Total minimum lease payments	10,608,350	9,198,986	22,336,990	18,150,586
Less: Amounts representing finance charges	(1,409,364)		(4,186,404)	1 mg/
Present value of minimum lease payments	9,198,986	9,198,986	18,150,586	18,150,586

29 Related Party disclosures

i) Names of related parties and related party relationship

a Related parties where control exists irrespective of whether transactions have occurred or not

Name of the Related Party	Nature of relationship	
Orkla ASA, Oslo, Norway	Ultimate holding company	
Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd, Singapore	Holding company	

b Related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year

Name of the Related Party	Nature of relationship
Orkla ASA, Oslo, Norway	Ultimate holding company
Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd, Singapore	Holding company
Orkla IT AS	Fellow subsidiary
Orkla Foods Norge AS	Fellow subsidiary
Lilleborg AS	Fellow subsidiary
Orkla Confectionary and Snacks	Fellow subsidiary
Orkla Foods Latvija sia	Fellow subsidiary
Firmroots Private Limited	Associate (from September 19, 2017)
Mr. Sanjay Sharma	Director & Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Ganesh Shenoy	Chief Financial Officer
Mr.Ritesh Raj Pariyani	Company Secretary (May 9, 2018 to September 25, 2018)
Ms. Nanditha N	Company Secretary (February 4, 2019 to March 31, 2019)
Mr. Aneesh K	Company Secretary (from April 5, 2019)





Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

30 Segment reporting

Identification of segments:

Business segment:

The Group is engaged in manufacture and sale of food products, confectionery and beverages, which in the view of the management falls within a single business segment. Hence, there are no additional disclosures to be provided under AS17 - 'Segment Reporting' as notified under Companies Accounting Standards Rules 2006 (as ammended) other than those provided in these financial statements.

Geographical segment:	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2018
Revenue:	Rs.	Rs.
India	6,998,556,309	6,464,059,398
Others	837,831,838	697,215,056
Revenue from operations	7,836,388,147	7,161,274,454

Details of secondary geographical segments for individual markets outside domestic market is not disclosed as the same do not account for more than 10% of the total segment revenues or results and assets.

Assets:		As at	As at
		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
		Rs.	Rs.
India		3,605,471,597	3,511,895,705
Others		185,669,782	145,543,980
	9	3,791,141,379	3,657,439,685
*All Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are situated in India.		18	
Capital and other commitments		As at	As at

As at March 31, 2019 March 31, 2018

Rs. Rs.

(a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account not provided for (net of advance)

(b) During the year ended March 31, 2018, the Company had availed Export Promotion Capital Goods (EPCG) license benefit of Rs. 10,682,504 against import of capital goods amounting to Rs. 133,137,607 for manufacturing of confectionery. In respect of this benefit, the Company has an export obligation of 6 times of the duty saved on import of capital goods on FOB basis within a period of 6 years from the date of issue of the license. The export obligation is Rs. 64,095,026. If the Company fails to achieve the export obligation, the Company is liable to pay duty exemption availed with an interest of 18% per annum proportionately to the extent of obligation not met. The Company is confident of meeting the export obligation.

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WANGALORE STANGALORE



Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

32 Contingent liabilities:	As at March 31, 2019 Rs.	As at March 31, 2018 Rs.
a) Litigations:(i) Indirect taxation (includes matters pertaining to disputes on central excise, service tax, value added taxes and central sales tax.) [Refer Note (i) below]	20,354,983	11,058,768
(ii) Other litigations [Refer Note (ii) below]	16,839,705	16,839,705
	37,194,688	27,898,473

b) Other Claims:

Indirect taxation matters [Refer Note (iii) below]

59,172,750

i) In the prior years, MTR had received claims from the VAT authorities for payment of higher value added taxes for certain products. Accordingly, as a matter of prudence, MTR had made a provision amounting to Rs. 114,194,665 in its books of account towards such differential taxes. As at March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018, MTR carries a provision of Rs. 114,194,665 in this regard. In the year ended March 31, 2013, the Honourable High Court of Karnataka had adjudicated the matter in favour of MTR. During the prior year, KVAT authorities have filed a Special Leave Petition (SLP) in the Supreme Court which has been admitted by the Supreme Court. Accordingly management continues to carry the provision as a matter of prudence pending final adjudication of the matter of law before the Supreme Court.

The disputes above include dispute relating to concessional rate of excise duty availed by MTR on manufacture and sale of certain products. The matter is pending before the Appellate authorities. MTR is contesting the demands and the management, including its tax advisors, believe that its position will likely be upheld in the appellate process. No expense has been accrued in the financial statements for the demand raised. The management believes that the ultimate outcome of this proceeding will not have a material adverse effect on MTR's financial position and results of operations.

- (ii) Other litigations include Rs. 15,839,705 (March 31, 2018: Rs. 15,839,705) being penalty and charges claimed by Bangalore Electricity Supply Company Limited (BESCOM) alleging unauthorised extension of power supply, MTR is confident that the claims are not tenable and MTR is in full compliance of the rules.
- (iii) On May 6, 2019, Rasoi received a show cause notice from the Directorate General of Goods and Service Tax Intelligence, Surat zonal unit, for the financial period April 01, 2014 to June 30, 2017 whereby it has been alleged that 'ready to cook spice mixes' (except sambar mix, missal rasa mix and pay bhaji mix) should be classified as 'mixed condiments and mixed seasoning' and chargable to excise duty claiming Rs. 59,172,750 plus interest and penalties. Further benefits of SSI exemption notification was denied to Rasoi on clearance of sambar mix, missal rasa mix and pay bhaji mix during the above period. Rasoi has filed its response to the SCN rejecting all the charges and has submitted that the aforesaid SCN should be quashed. Rasoi is confident that no liability will arise on it and it has strong defence in the matter. Accordingly, no adjustment has been made in the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019.

In respect of other matters, the Group is contesting the demands in respect of various years and the management, including its tax advisors, believes that its position will likely be upheld at various forums where the matters are pending. No expense has been accrued in the financial statement for the demand raised.

c) Guarantees

(i) Guarantees given by banks on behalf of the Group for contractual obligations of the Group.

24,756,363

17,356,363

(ii) Guarantees given by the Group to the banks on behalf of its suppliers

31,511,272

69,115,527

The necessary terms and conditions have been complied with and no liabilities have arisen.

Others:

The Supreme Court of India in a judgment on Provident Fund (PF) dated February 28, 2019 addressed the principle for determining salary components that form part of basic salary for individuals below a prescribed salary threshold. The Group determined that they had not previously included such components in basic salary. There are numerous interpretative issues relating to the Supreme Court (SC) judgement on PF dated 28th February, 2019. Pending clarity on the above subject and directions from the EPFO, the impact, if any, is not ascertainable and consequently no adjustments have been made in the accounts for periods prior to the date of judgement. However, the Group has adjusted its accounts on a prospective basis from the date of the aforementioned judgement.

33 Excise duty on sales amounting to Rs. NIL (2018: Rs. 11,444,243) has been reduced from sales in the statement of profit & loss and excise duty on increase/ (decrease) in stock amounting to Rs. NIL (2018: Rs. (2,514,516)) has been considered as (income)/expense in note 24 of financials statements.



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Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

ii) Related party transactions

a. The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant financial

	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
) Transactions during the year:		
Holding and Ultimate Holding company		
Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd		
Reimbursement of expenses from related parties	10,218	
Buy Back of equity shares	679,996,845	¥
Orkla ASA		
Receipt of services	29,368,003	33,758,378
Reimbursement of expenses to related parties	2,696,271	1,207,375
Reimbursement of expenses from related parties	6,448,242	1,201,313
Fellow Subsidiaries:		
Orkla IT AS		
Reimbursement of expenses to related parties	3,356,614	1,288,276
Orkla Foods Norge AS		
Purchase of traded goods	7	2,210,187
Reimbursement of expenses to related parties	44,038	-
Lilleborg AS	A	
Purchase of traded goods	24,448,842	4,893,573
Orkla Foods Latvija sia		
Reimbursement of expenses to related parties	×	54,380
Orkla Confectionary and Snacks		
Reimbursement of expenses to related parties		762,033
Associate:		
Firmroots Private Limited		
Purchase of traded goods	2,011,752	9
Reimbursement of expenses to related parties	=	400,000
Investment in equity shares	*	35,002,100
Advance against supplies	10,000,000	
i) Balances outstanding as at year end :	As at	As at
The state of the s		
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Amounts receivable from :		March 31, 2018
Amounts receivable from : Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd	10,218	March 31, 2018
Amounts receivable from : Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Orkla ASA	10,218 6,448,242	March 31, 2018
Amounts receivable from : Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd	10,218	March 31, 2018
Amounts receivable from : Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Orkla ASA Firmroots Private Limited	10,218 6,448,242	March 31, 2018
Amounts receivable from : Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Orkla ASA Firmroots Private Limited	10,218 6,448,242 10,000,000	March 31, 2018
Amounts receivable from: Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Orkla ASA Firmroots Private Limited Amounts payable to: Orkla ASA	10,218 6,448,242 10,000,000	March 31, 2018
Amounts receivable from : Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Orkla ASA Firmroots Private Limited Amounts payable to :	10,218 6,448,242 10,000,000	
Amounts receivable from: Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Orkla ASA Firmroots Private Limited Amounts payable to: Orkla ASA Orkla Foods Norge AS	10,218 6,448,242 10,000,000 3,355,845 2,131,424	8 8 8 8
Amounts receivable from: Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Orkla ASA Firmroots Private Limited Amounts payable to: Orkla ASA Orkla Foods Norge AS Lilleborg AS	10,218 6,448,242 10,000,000 3,355,845 2,131,424	- - - 176,867 Amount in Rs .
Amounts receivable from: Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Orkla ASA Firmroots Private Limited Amounts payable to: Orkla ASA Orkla Foods Norge AS Lilleborg AS D. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel	10,218 6,448,242 10,000,000 3,355,845 2,131,424	- - - 176,867 Amount in Rs .
Amounts receivable from: Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Orkla ASA Firmroots Private Limited Amounts payable to: Orkla ASA Orkla Foods Norge AS Lilleborg AS D. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel	10,218 6,448,242 10,000,000 3,355,845 2,131,424	176,867 Amount in Rs. March 31, 201
Amounts receivable from: Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Orkla ASA Firmroots Private Limited Amounts payable to: Orkla ASA Orkla Foods Norge AS Lilleborg AS D. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel Particulars Mr. Sanjay Sharma, CEO & Director* Salary & Perquisites	10,218 6,448,242 10,000,000 3,355,845 2,131,424 March 31, 2019	176,867 Amount in Rs. March 31, 201
Amounts receivable from: Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Orkla ASA Firmroots Private Limited Amounts payable to: Orkla ASA Orkla Foods Norge AS Lilleborg AS D. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel Particulars Mr. Sanjay Sharma, CEO & Director*	10,218 6,448,242 10,000,000 3,355,845 2,131,424 March 31, 2019	176,867 Amount in Rs. March 31, 201 63,250,122
Amounts receivable from: Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Orkla ASA Firmroots Private Limited Amounts payable to: Orkla ASA Orkla Foods Norge AS Lilleborg AS Lilleborg AS D. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel Particulars Mr. Sanjay Sharma, CEO & Director* Salary & Perquisites Mr. Ganesh Shenoy, VP - Finance Salary & Perquisites Mr. Aneesh K, Company Secretary	10,218 6,448,242 10,000,000 3,355,845 2,131,424 March 31, 2019	176,867 Amount in Rs. March 31, 201 63,250,122
Amounts receivable from: Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Orkla ASA Firmroots Private Limited Amounts payable to: Orkla ASA Orkla Foods Norge AS Lilleborg AS Lilleborg AS D. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel Particulars Mr. Sanjay Sharma, CEO & Director* Salary & Perquisites Mr. Ganesh Shenoy, VP - Finance Salary & Perquisites	10,218 6,448,242 10,000,000 3,355,845 2,131,424 March 31, 2019	176,867
Amounts receivable from: Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Orkla ASA Firmroots Private Limited Amounts payable to: Orkla ASA Orkla Foods Norge AS Lilleborg AS D. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel Particulars Mr. Sanjay Sharma, CEO & Director* Salary & Perquisites Mr. Ganesh Shenoy, VP - Finance Salary & Perquisites Mr. Aneesh K, Company Secretary Salary & Perquisites Nanditha N, Company Secretary	10,218 6,448,242 10,000,000 3,355,845 2,131,424 March 31, 2019	176,867 Amount in Rs. March 31, 201: 63,250,122 12,328,247
Amounts receivable from: Orkla Asia Pacific Pte Ltd Orkla ASA Firmroots Private Limited Amounts payable to: Orkla ASA Orkla Foods Norge AS Lilleborg AS D. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel Particulars Mr. Sanjay Sharma, CEO & Director* Salary & Perquisites Mr. Ganesh Shenoy, VP - Finance Salary & Perquisites Mr. Aneesh K, Company Secretary Salary & Perquisites	10,218 6,448,242 10,000,000 3,355,845 2,131,424 March 31, 2019 54,177,362 20,097,050	176,867 Amount in Rs. March 31, 201 63,250,122 12,328,247

^{*} The managerial remuneration includes Rs. Nil (March 31, 2018 : Rs. 13,955,295) paid directly by Orkla ASA towards ESOP/ Stock Option.

(a) The above disclosures include related parties as per Accounting Standard 18 on "Related Party Disclosures" and Companies Act, 20

(b) The remuneration to key management personnel doesn't include the provisions made for gratuity and leave benefits, as they are obtained on an actuarial basis for the company as a whole





Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

34 Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006

7-9	Details of dues to fine o and small efficiences as defined under the Mising Details Act, 2000		
		As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
i)	The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year	Rs.	Rs.
	Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises* Interest due on above	52,292,536 606,319	41,877,638 338,219
ii)	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year. Principal Interest	118,389,377	159,602,625
iii	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act),	1,282,679	1,043,662
iv)	The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	1,888,998	1,381,881
v)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006.	6,991,651	5,744,185

^{*}Includes payable towards capital creditors as on March 31,2019 to the extent of Rs 1,372,981 (March 31,2018:NIL)

35 Derivative instruments

a) The Group has entered into the following derivative instruments:

The following are the outstanding Forward Exchange Contracts entered into by the Group as on March 31, 2019 and March 31,2018 in respect of highly probable exports during the year

mgmy producte emports during the year				
Currency	.000	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	
US Dollar-Exports INR		825,000 59,897,313	940,000 62,233,388	

b) The year end foreign currency exposures that have not been hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise are given below:

i) Un-hedged foreign currency exposure

Foreign currency exposures that have not been hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise are as follows:

Amount receivable / payable in foreign currency on account of following:		Amount in foreign currency		Amount in Rupees	
	Currency	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
	GBP	36,264	2	3,269,165	
Receivables	USD	1,209,753	1,062,368	83,654,452	68,894,565
	NOK	800,305	· ·	6,458,460	
	SGD	20	39,598		1,952,973
Customer Advances	USD	3,673	3,148	254,140	204,148
Custoffiet Advances	EURO	1,112	874	86,362	69,935
	USD	15,996	21,786	1,106,103	1,426,983
Advance recoverable (including capital advance)	EURO	159,627	50,546	12,395,014	4,125,565
	GBP		2,870	140	267.484
Payables	USD	₩.	14,897	•	975,754
	NOK	679,959	969,230	5,487,269	8,219,072
	AUD	5,219	6,463	256,409	326,705
	EURO	2,895	2,895	224,773	236,290

Gertain employees of the Group are entitled to share-based compensation plans of Orkla ASA, Norway (the ultimate Holding Company). The Group has accounted an expense of Rs.194,608 (March 31, 2018: 798,688), pursuant to cross charges raised by the ultimate Holding Company towards the above and this has been charged in the Statement of profit and loss under the head 'Salaries, wages and bonus'.

The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India has issued a Guidance Note on Accounting for Employee Share-based Payments, which is applicable to employee share based payment plans, the grant date in respect of which falls on or after April 1, 2005. The management is of the opinion that the schemes detailed above are managed and administered by the ultimate Holding Company for its own benefit and do not have any settlement obligations in respect of issue of shares on the Group. Further the aforesaid schemes pertain to shares of the the ultimate Holding Company and the impact of compensation benefits in respect of such schemes is assessed and accounted for in the books of the the ultimate Holding Company, except for the obligation towards expenses cross charged as detailed above. Accordingly, the Group is of the opinion that there is no further accounting treatment/ disclosure required under the said Guidance Note.

37 (a) The Group received in each of the years 2007 and 2008, Rs. 2,500,000 as capital subsidy from the Central Government in respect of the investment in fixed assets made in the Ready to Eat division and this has been disclosed as 'Deferred government grant' in the Balance Sheet. In accordance with AS12 - Accounting for Government Grants notified under the Companies Accounting Standards Rules, 2006, The Group has recognised income amounting to Rs.NIL (March 31, 2018; Rs. 344,514) in proportion to the depreciation charged during the year on the related assets.

(b) The Group has accounted Rs.9,131,916 as capital subsidy, during the year ended March 31, 2014, received from the Spice Board under Export Development and Promotion of Spices - "Infrastructure Development" Scheme in respect of the investment in fixed assets made in the Spices division and this has been as 'Deferred government grant' in the Balance Sheet. In accordance with AS 12 - Accounting for Government Grants notified under the Companies Accounting Standar Rules, 2006, The Group has recognised income amounting to Rst1911,657 (March 31, 2018; Rs.1,014,657) in proportion to the depreciation charged during the Spice on the related assets.

Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) committee has been formed by the Group. The Group has incurred expenditure on activities which are specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act 2013, as below.

		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
		(Rs.)	(Rs.)
a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Group during the year		13,838,328	11,016,371
b) Amount spent during the year ending on March 31, 2019			
	In Cash	Yet to be paid in Cash	Total
i) Construction/acquisition of any asset	-	300	9
ii) On purposes other than (i) above	9,696,696	120	9,696,696
b) Amount spent during the year ending on March 31, 2018:			
i) Construction/acquisition of any asset	7.	100	
ii) On purposes other than (i) above	7,358,353		7,358,353

39 Additional information, as required under Schedule III to the Act, of enterprises consolidated as subsidiary & associate

Name of entity	Net assets i.e. total assets	Share in profit or loss after tax		
	As a % of consolidated	Amount	As a % of	Amount
	net assets		consolidated profit	
			or loss	
Holding Company				
MTR Foods Private Limited				
At March 31, 2019	101.62%	2,160,029,401	97.15%	591,481,068
At March 31, 2018	102.22%	2,387,755,781	98.23%	475,262,828
Subsidiary - Indian		,		
Rasoi Magic Foods (India) Private Limited	F 1			
At March 31, 2019	-0.92%	(19,599,009)	4.64%	28,278,097
At March 31, 2018	-2.05%	(47,877,106)	2.58%	12,462,240
Associates (under equity method)				
Firmroots Private Limited	1			
At March 31, 2019	-0.70%	(14,813,512)	-1,79%	(10,902,570)
At March 31, 2018	-0.17%	(3,910,942)	-0.81%	(3,910,942
Total				
At March 31, 2019	100.00%	2,125,616,880	100.00%	608,856,595
At March 31, 2018	100.00%	2,335,967,733	100,00%	483,814,126





Notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

Pursuant to a fire incident on March 21, 2018 certain property, plant and equipment, inventory and other assets in one of the buildings were damaged. The Company had lodged an estimate of loss with the insurance Company and had recorded a loss of Rs. 23,047,819 arising from such incident during the year ended March 31, 2018. During the year ended March 31, 2019, the Company has received a disbursement of Rs. 22,500,000 (March 31, 2018: Nil) from the insurance company and the same has been disclosed under exceptional item in these financial statements. Further, the Company is in the process of determining its final claim for loss from business interruption and has accordingly not recorded any further claim arising there from at this stage, pending consent from the insurance company.

41 Previous year comparatives

The previous year's figures have been regrouped, where necessary, to conform to current years classification.

& Asso

Bengaluru

As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

ICAI Firm Registration No. 101049W/E300004

Chartered Accountants

per Aditya Vikram Bhauwala

Partner

Membership no.: 208382

Place: Bengaluru

Date: August 20, 2019

For and on behalf of the board of directors of MTR Foods Private Limited

Atle Vidar Johnsen Chairman

DIN: 01361367

B.G.Shenoy

Director & Chief Executive Officer DIN: 02581107

V A pooch

Sanjay Sharma

Company Secretary (Membership no: 32470)

Place: Bengaluru Date: August 20, 2019

OODS PLANTING